FAMILY CEPHALOIDAE
(False long-horned beetles)

J. M. Campbell

This is a small family of about 20 species restricted to the cooler parts of the Holarctic Region. Only nine species are known from Canada and Alaska. Larvae are found in old, rotting logs; adults of Cephaloon are often taken on flowers.

Species of this family are reasonably well-known taxonomically. Hopping and Hopping (1934) and Arnett (1953) revised and reviewed respectively the species of the family, but included only the genus Cephaloon. Subsequently Arnett (1968) transferred the subfamilies Stenotrachelinae and Nematoplinae from the melandryiids and pediliids respectively to the Cephaloidae. Both subfamilies have been considered by some authors as distinct families (see Mamayev 1973), but I have followed Lawrence (1982a) in accepting Arnett's treatment.

AK (1); YK (1); NT (2); BC (5); AB (2); MB (1); ON (4); PQ (5); NB (1); PE (1); LB (2); NF (2)

Subfamily CEPHALOINAE

Genus CEPHALOON Newman
- Drachylis Casey
- Ichnodes Dejean
- Sponidium Casey
- Typitium Casey

C. bicolor Horn	-	-	-	BC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
simulans (Casey)														
C. lepturoides Newman	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ON	PQ	-	-	-	-	-
varians Haldeman														
C. pacificum Van Dyke	-	-	-	BC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. tenuicorne LeConte	-	-	-	BC	AB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. ungulare LeConte	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ON	PQ	-	-	PE	LB	NF

Subfamily STENOTRACHELINAE

Genus STENOTRACHELUS Latreille
Key to species: Crowson (1966)

S. aeneus Fabricius	AK	YK	NT	BC	AB	-	MB	ON	PQ	-	-	-	LB	NF

Genus ANELPISTUS Horn

A. americanus Horn	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PQ	-	-	-	-	-
A. canadensis Mank	-	-	NT	BC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Subfamily NEMATOPLINAE

Genus NEMATOPLUS LeConte

N. collaris LeConte	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ON	PQ	NB	-	-	-	-